JS7 JobScheduler



JS7 JobScheduler Architecture

Implementation Architecture: Components & Services



JS7 JobScheduler



Workflows and Orders

- System Architecture
- Workflows
- Orders

Controller and Agent Implementation Architecture

- Controller Cluster
- Controller Journal
- Controller / Agent

JOC Cockpit Implementation Architecture

- JOC Cockpit Cluster
- JOC Cockpit Services
- JOC Cockpit Background Services
- JOC Cockpit Proxy Service

System Architecture

System Architecture

JOC Cockpit

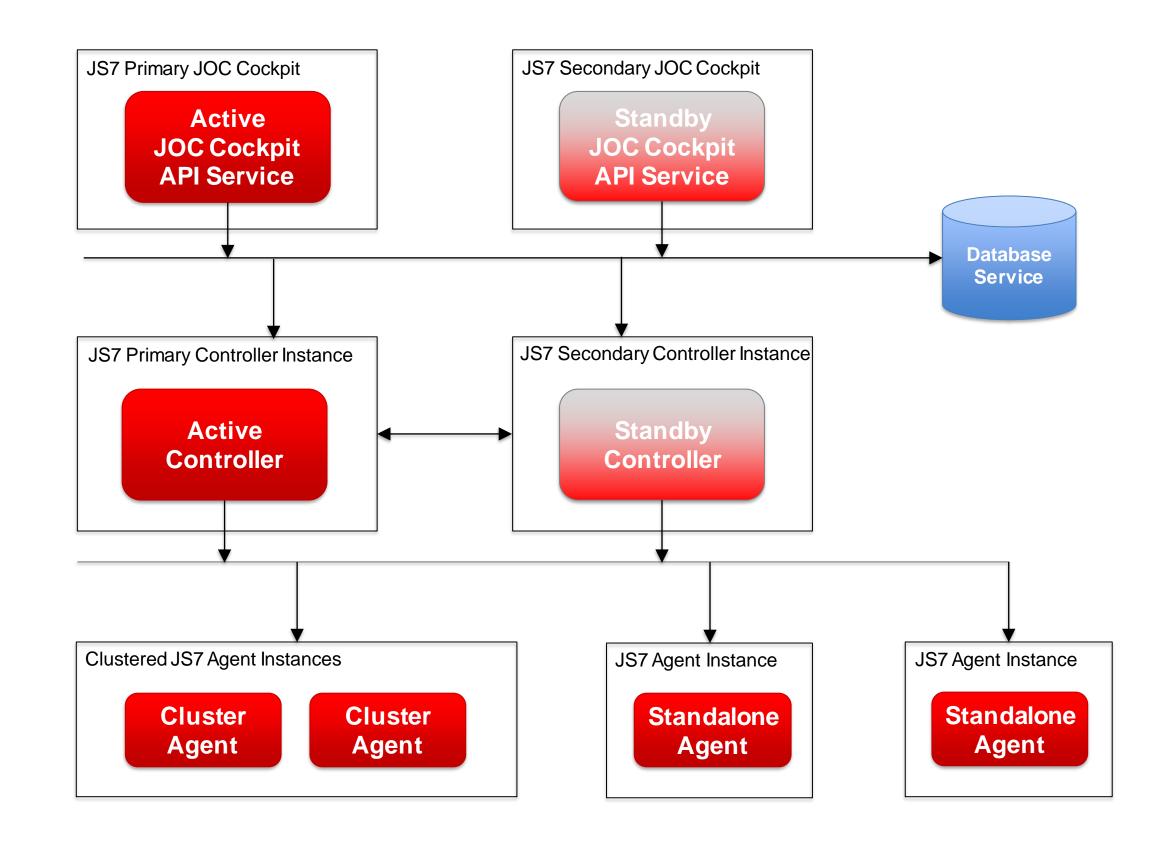
- JOC Cockpit is operated as a passive cluster or standalone and serves the User Interface and REST API Service
- Makes use of a database for persistence and for restart capabilities

Controller / Agents

- A Controller operated as a passive cluster or standalone orchestrates Agents
- Agents receive workflow configurations from a Controller, start workflows autonomously and report back execution results
- Agents are operated as a cluster or standalone

Connections

 Communication between products within the indicated direction of network connections



Workflows with JOC Cockpit, Controller, Agents

Workflows

JOC Cockpit / API Service

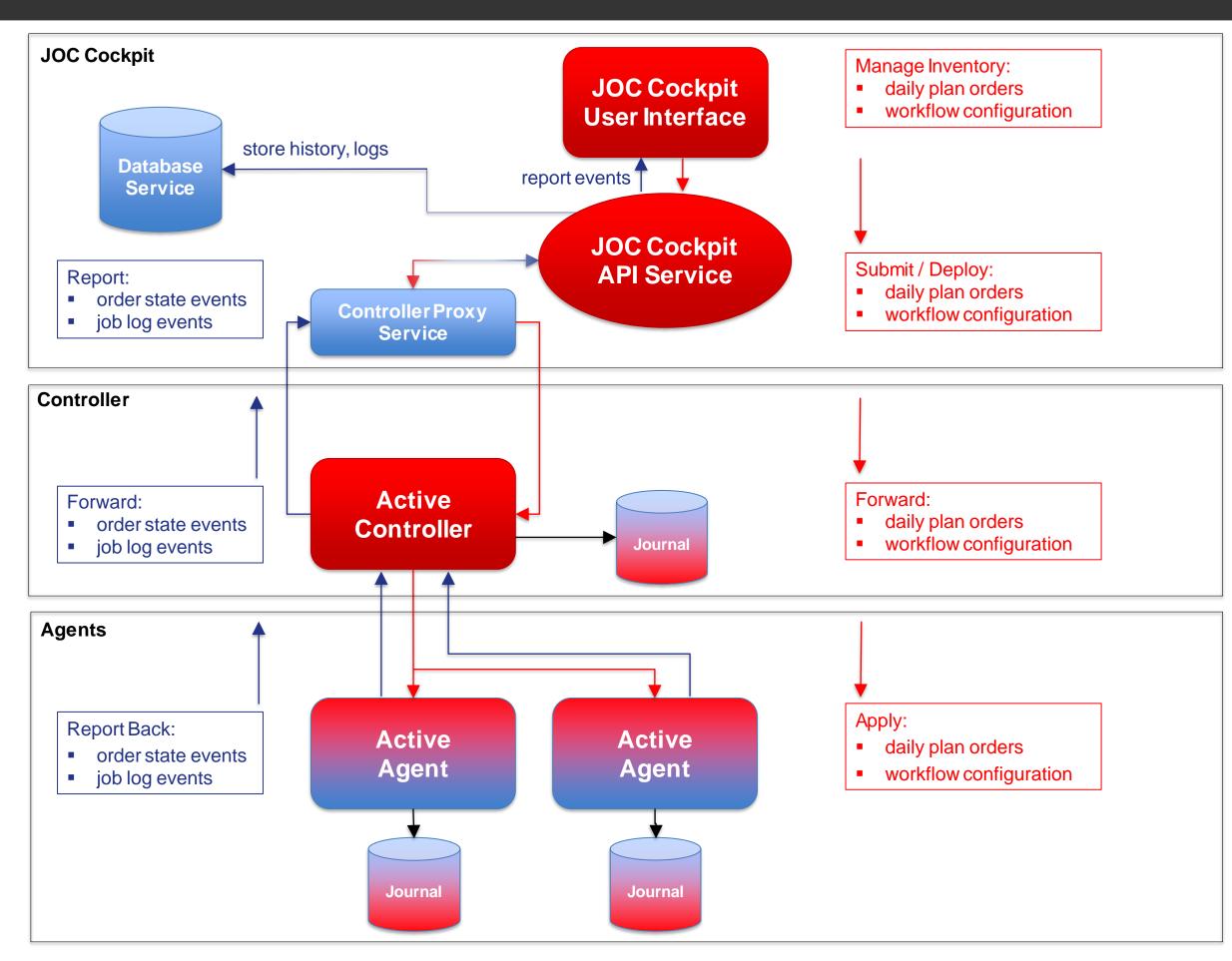
- JOC Cockpit manages the inventory of workflows & jobs and the daily plan which are deployed to a Controller
- During workflow execution JOC Cockpit receives job log output and order state events in near real-time

Controller

 The Controller checks and forwards the daily plan and workflow configuration to related Agents

Agent

- Agents start workflows / jobs autonomously / on demand:
- jobs in workflows can be executed with mixed Agents
- Agents execute workflows autonomously within the scope of the daily plan
- Agents report back to the Controller any log output and events, for example when starting or completing a task



Orders with JOC Cockpit, Controller, Agents

Orders

JOC Cockpit / API Service

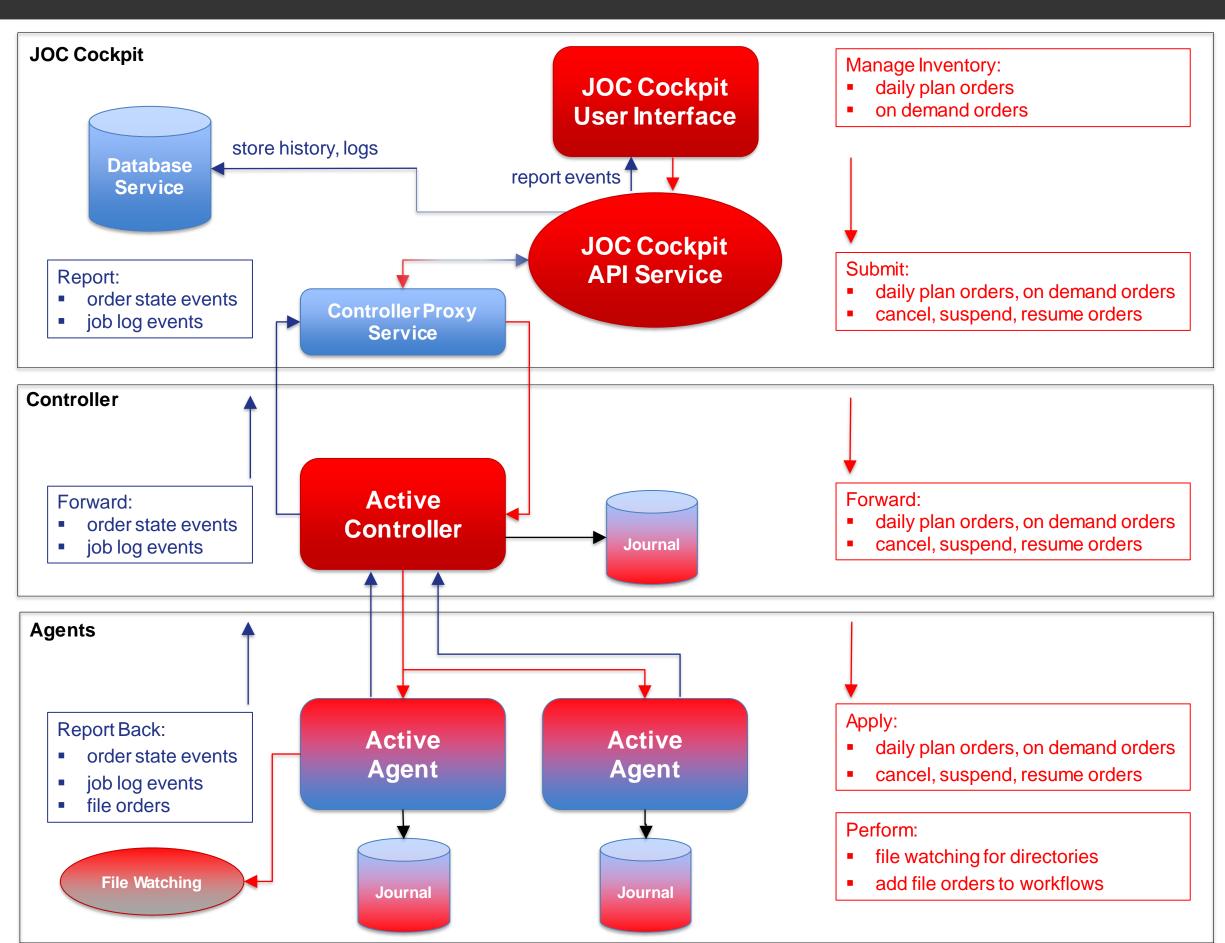
- JOC Cockpit manages orders from the daily plan and orders on demand
- Orders are submitted to a Controller for execution of workflows with Agents

Controller

 The Controller forwards orders from the daily plan and orders on demand to related Agents

Agent

- Agents start workflows / jobs autonomously / on demand
- Agents report back resulting order state transition events and log output events
- Agents watch directories for incoming files and create file orders
- Agents handle any number of orders for the same workflow and for different workflows in parallel



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Controller Cluster Management

Controller Cluster using JOC Cockpit as Cluster Watch

Communication

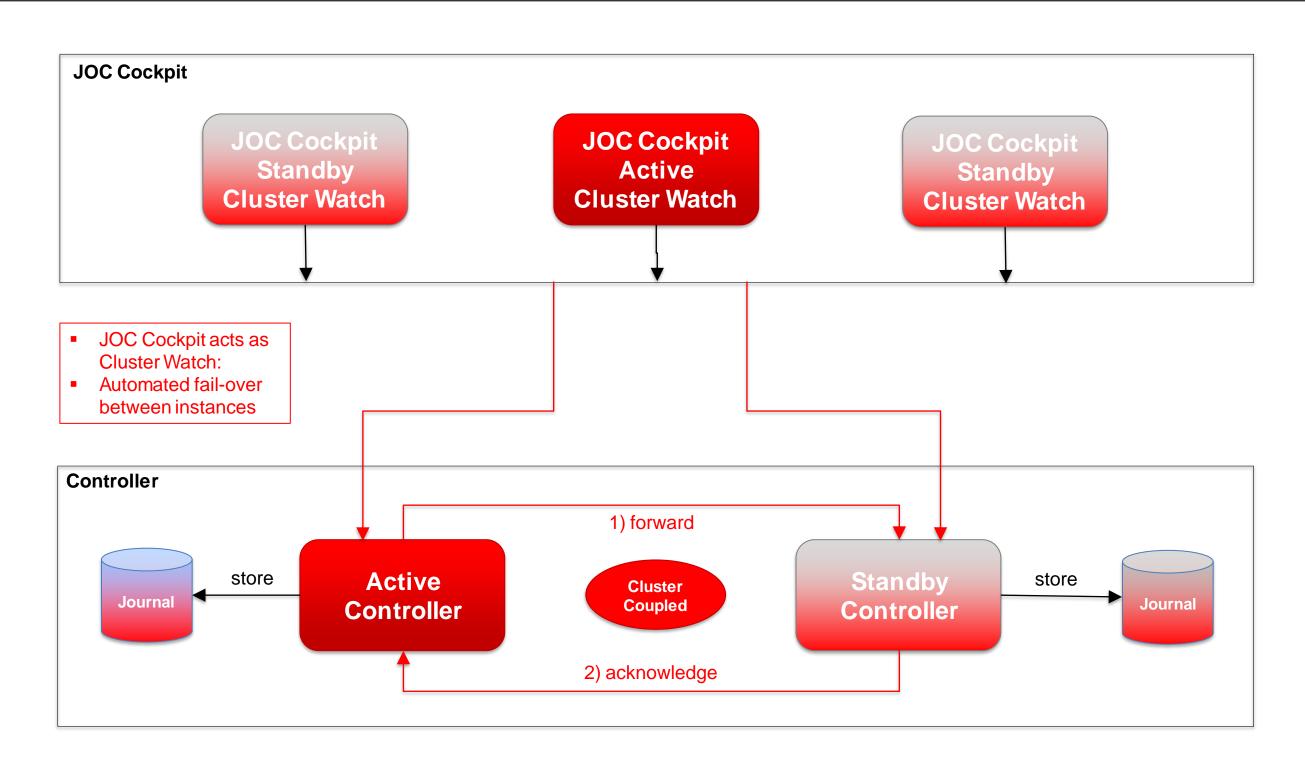
 Both Active/Standby Controller instances establish HTTP(S) connections to each other

Coupling

- The Active Controller adds changes to objects and order state transitions to its journal and synchronizes with the Standby Controller instance
- The Standby Controller adds such information to its journal and acknowledges receipt
- When Active and Standby Controller instances are in sync then the Cluster is considered being coupled
- Recoupling occurs as needed

Fail-over

- In case of failure of a Controller instance or connection the Cluster Watch is consulted to determine which Controller instance should take over the active role
- Fail-over occurs within 15s



Controller Cluster Management

Controller Cluster using an Agent as Cluster Watch

Communication

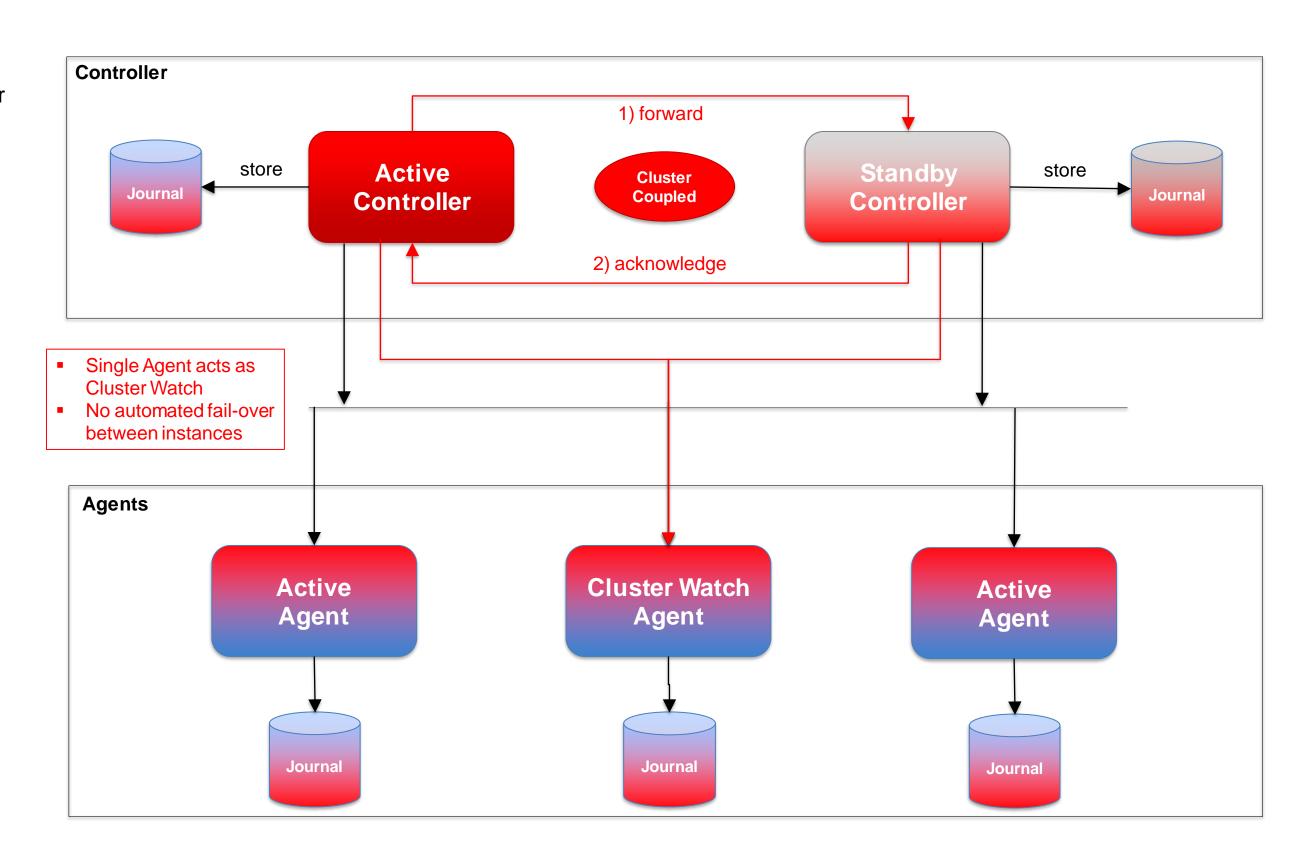
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Controller Integration with JOC Cockpit

Controller Integration

Controller Journal

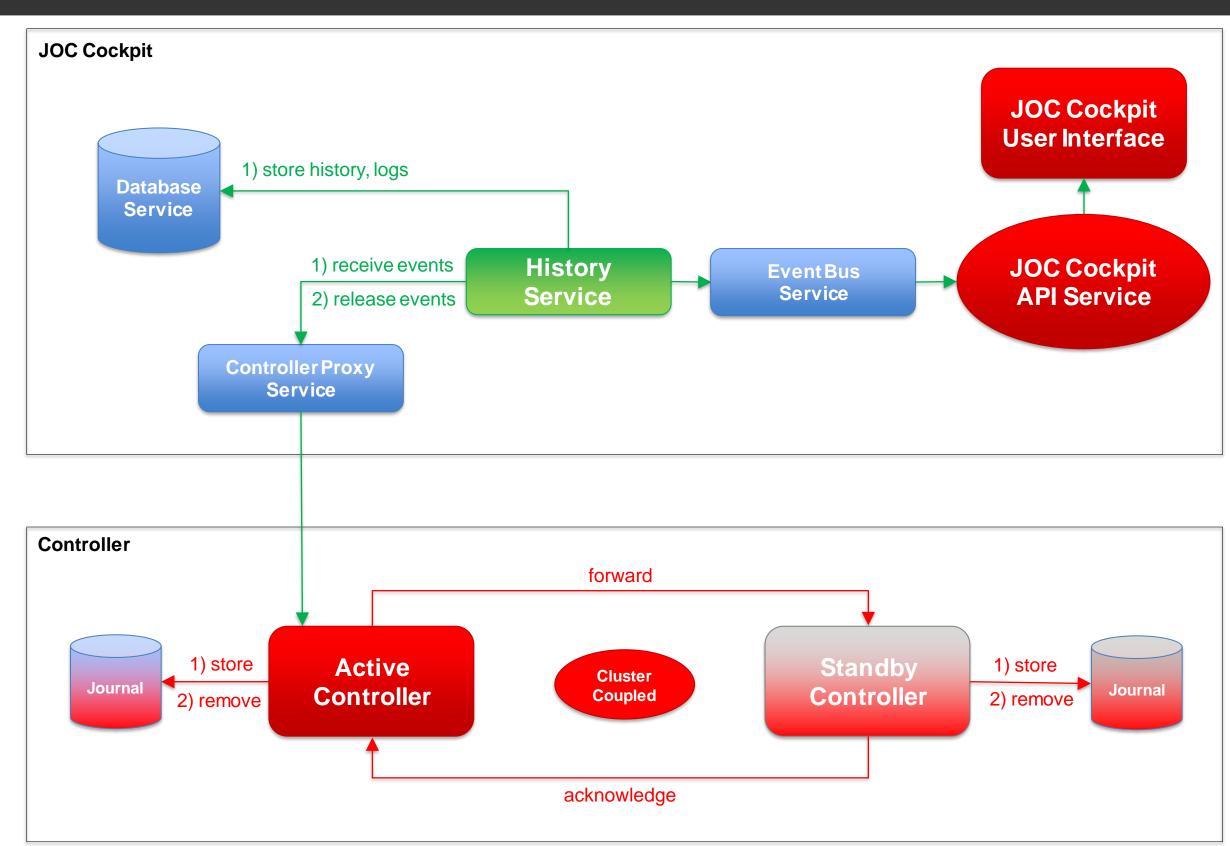
- The Journal holds objects such as order state transition events and log events of a Controller
- Such objects are synchronized with the Standby instance

History Service

- The History Service subscribes to events of the Controller
- Having received events and having stored them to the database the service forwards events to the GUI and instructs the Controller to release events

Controller

- Events are originally stored to the Journal after receipt from an Agent or originating from workflow instructions
- Events are removed from the Journal when released by the History Service
- Journal size can grow with the number of objects, but will shrink when orders are completed and events are released



Controller / Agent Communication

Controller / Agent

Controller

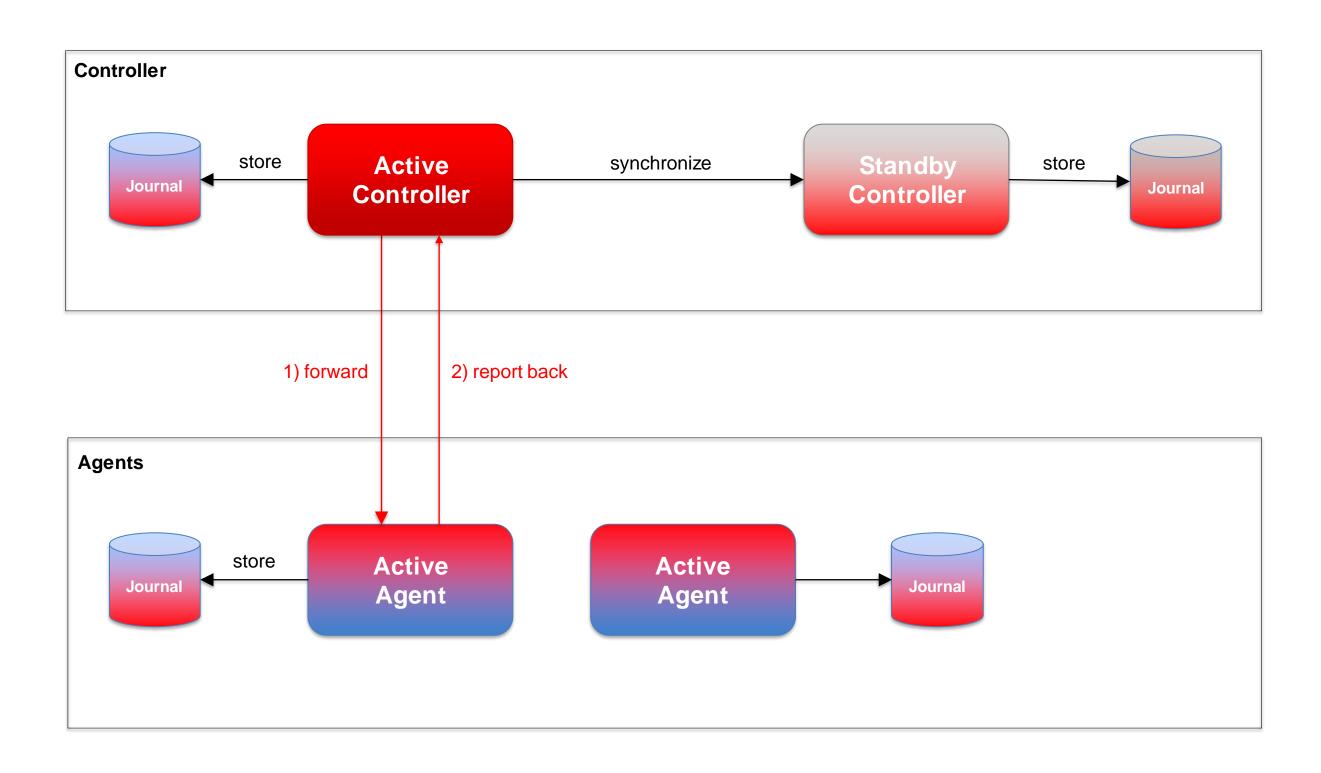
- All Controller instances store workflow configurations and order state transitions in their journals for synchronization
- These objects are passed asynchronously to Agents

Agent

- Agents receive objects and store them in a journal
- Agents execute jobs independently from an active connection to a Controller
- Agents report back the resulting order state events and log events, e.g. after job completion

Communication

- If Controller, Agent or the connection between them fail then they will reconnect
- Communication recovers in case of longer outages for hours and days



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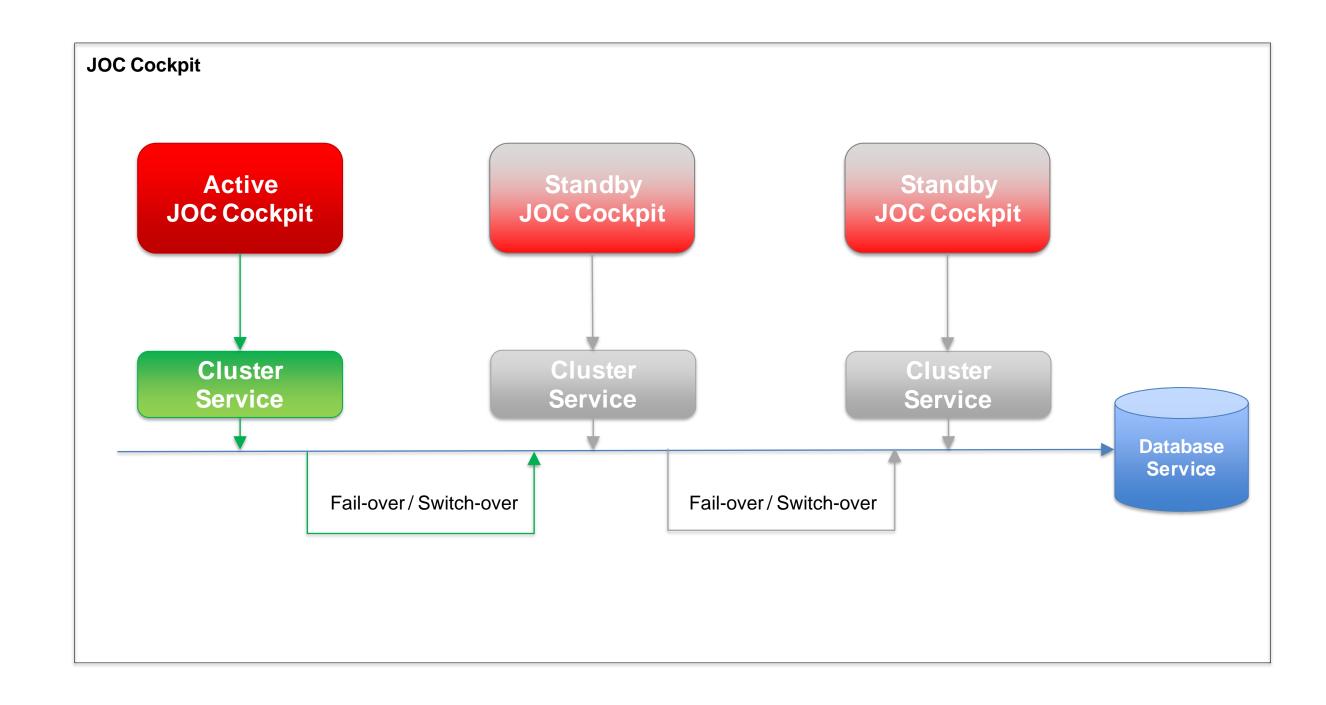
JOC Cockpit Implementation Architecture

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JOC Cockpit Cluster

JOC Cockpit Cluster fail-over and switch-over

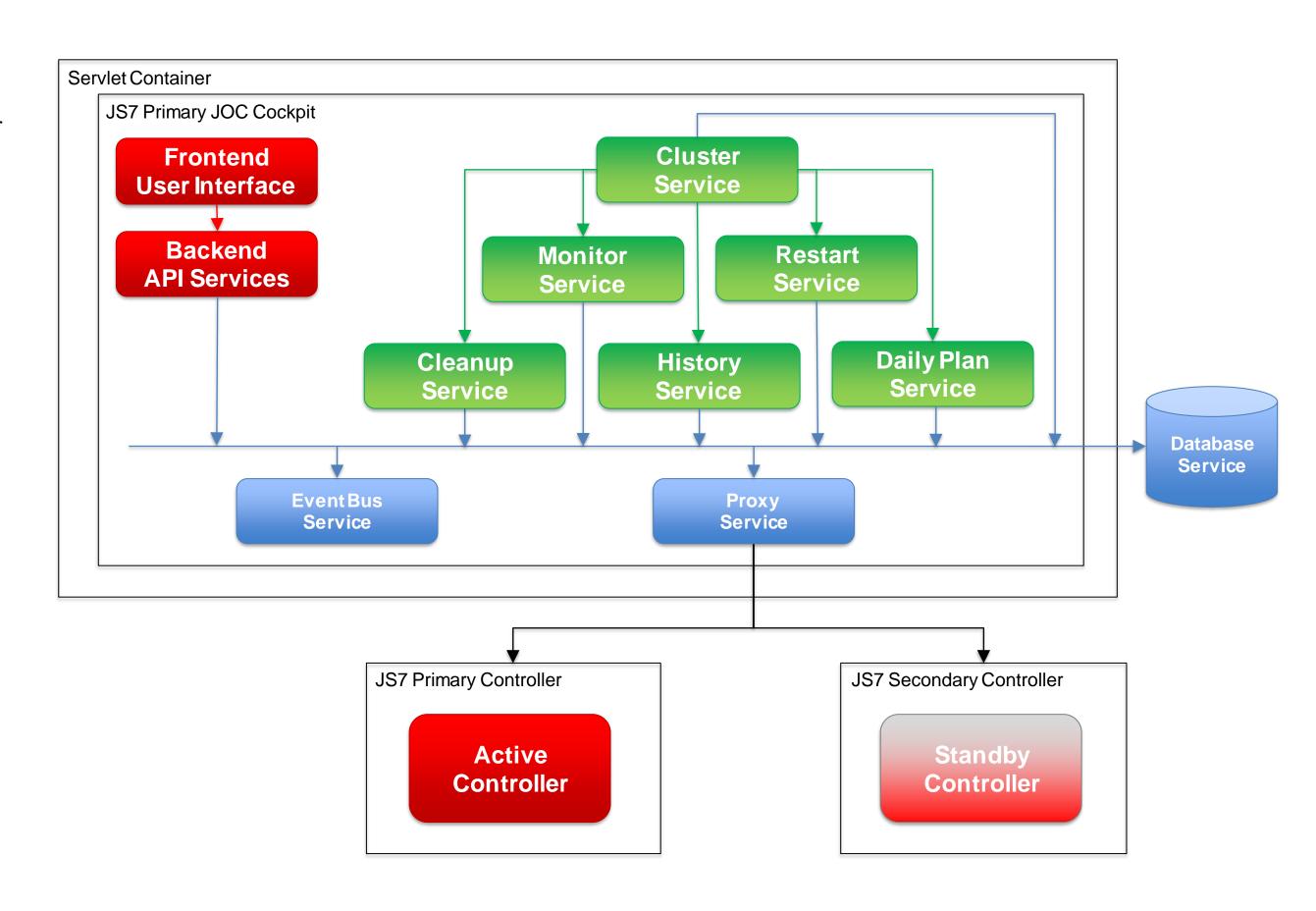
- Cluster Service instances are synchronized by use of the database to which they send heartbeats and check availability of each other instance
- In case of failure one of the remaining instances will perform a cluster failover operation
- Users can perform a switch-over operation by selecting the next active JOC Cockpit instance
- In case of switch-over the Cluster Service will stop any running Background Services normally
- For fail-over / switch-over the Background Services are started from the Cluster Service of the next active JOC Cockpit instance



JOC Cockpit Services

JOC Cockpit Frontend/Backend Services, Background Services, Event Bus and Proxy

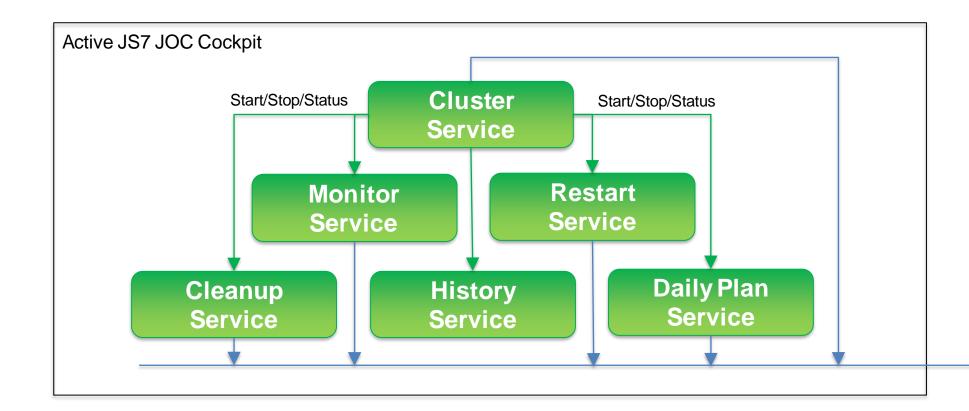
- JOC Cockpit is operated in a servlet container
- Frontend User Interface for browser access
- Backend API Services
 provide information to the
 GUI frontend and to clients
 using the REST API
- The Cluster Service manages a number of <u>Background Services</u> for housekeeping, history and daily plan management
- Communication between Backend API Services and Background Services is based on an Event Bus
- The <u>Proxy Service</u> reports order state transitions occurring in a Controller or Agent
- Any JOC Cockpit service can access the database service to store and to retrieve information

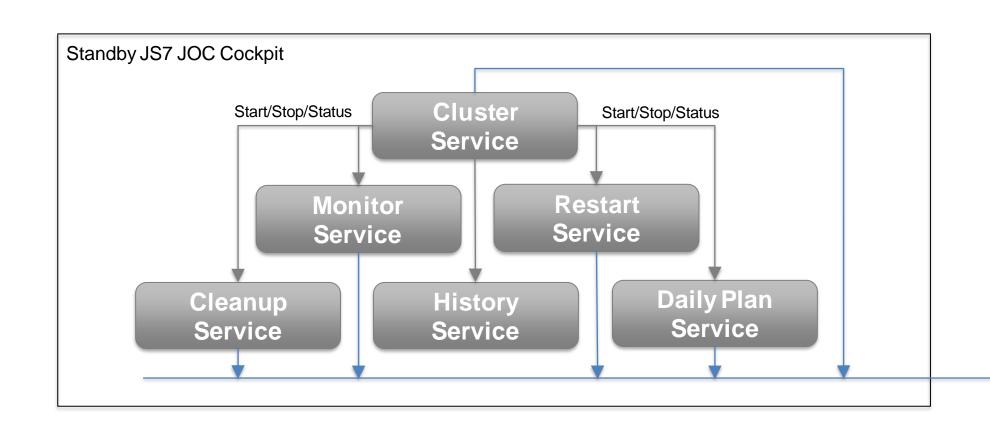


JOC Cockpit Background Services

JOC Cockpit clustered Background Services

- The Cluster Service manages Background Services running in the servlet container
- Background Services are started, stopped etc.
- Cluster Service manages fail-over to the next JOC Cockpit instance in case of service failure
- Monitor Service notifies about failed jobs and component failures etc.
- Restart Service reruns pending deployments and performs synchronization with a Controller
- Cleanup Service purges the database, e.g. to limit the size of the history
- History Service retrieves execution results and logs from a Controller instance
- Daily Plan Service creates and submits orders to connected Controllers



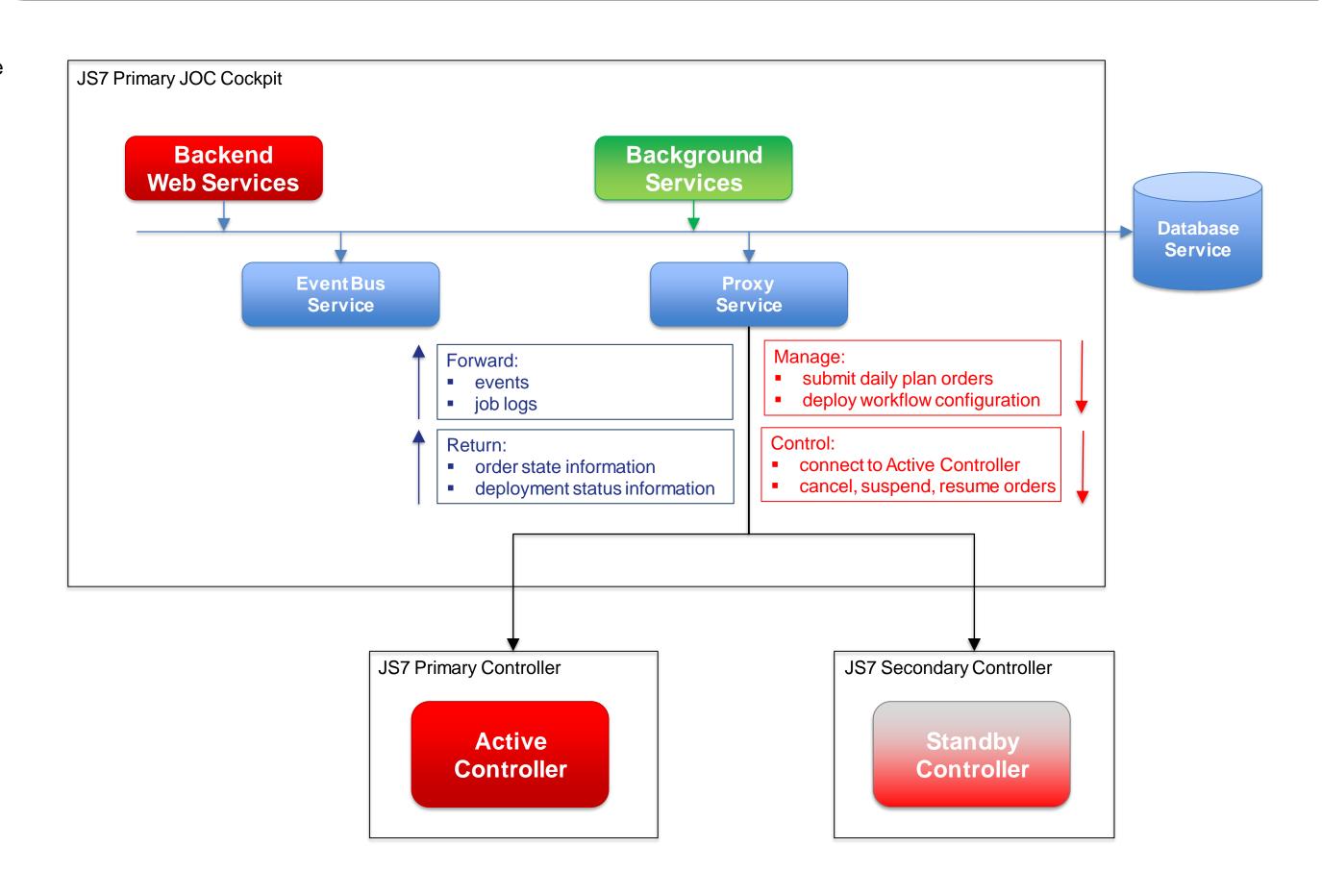


Database Service

JOC Cockpit Proxy Service

JOC Cockpit Proxy Service

- The Proxy connects to the active Controller instance, supports fail-over and manages asynchronous messages
- The Proxy deploys configuration objects, submits orders to the Controller
- The Proxy handles asynchronous operations such as cancel, suspend, resume etc. for orders with the Controller
- The Proxy returns the order state and deployment status of objects
- The Proxy forwards asynchronous events including order state transitions and log output of jobs from the Controller
- Information returned or forwarded by the Proxy is added to the Event Bus



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Questions?
Comments?
Feedback?

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